Policy as Code의 과거 현재 그리고 미래

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Policy as Code (PaC)



```
apiVersion: admissionregistration.k8s.io/v1
kind: ValidatingAdmissionPolicy
metadata:
 name: celvalidatingadmissionpolicynohostnetwork
spec:
 matchConstraints:
   resourceRules:
   - apiGroups: [""]
     apiVersions: ["v1"]
     operations: ["CREATE", "UPDATE"]
     resources: ["pods"]
  validations:
   - expression: "!has(object.spec.hostNetwork) ||
                   object.spec.hostNetwork != true"
     message: "HostNetwork is not allowed for the Pod"
```





































Who am I?











Intro

왜? 코드로 할까.

코드로 정책을 배포할 때 얻을 수 있는 이점들

Benefit Category	Key Advantages		Impact
Consistency & Standardization	Eliminates human inconsistency Standardized enforcement	Reduces interpretation errorsUniform validation	Uniform policy application across all environments regardless of operator
Automation & Efficiency	Automated enforcement Rapid feedback loops	Shift-left security Reduced manual reviews	Faster development cycles with fewer security bottlenecks
Version Control & Governance	Change tracking Pull request reviews	Complete audit trail Rollback capability	Transparent history of policy changes with accountability
Testing & Validation	Testable policies Simulation mode	Pre-deployment validation Automated regression testing	Confidence in policy effectiveness before implementation
Integration DevOps	CI/CD integration IaC compatibility	Developer-friendly feedback API-driven	Seamless incorporation into existing development workflows
Scalability & Complexity	Scales with infrastructure Centralized management	 Handles sophisticated rules Policy reuse	Maintains effectiveness as environments grow more complex
Compliance & Governance	Demonstrable compliance Regulatory adaptability	Continuous verificationLiving documentation	Simplified audits and faster response to regulatory changes
Organization Improvement	Knowledge transfer Clearer communication	Organizational learning Cross-team collaboration	Better alignment between security, development, and operations
Risk Reduction	Preventative controls Reduced manual errors	Consistent security posture Configuration drift prevention	Lower likelihood of security incidents and compliance violations

Everything as Code(EaC)는 Al 시대에 적합할까요?

Policy as Code (PaC)

Configuration as Code (CaC)

Security as Code (SaC)

Compliance as Code (CaC)

Network as Code (NaC)

Database as Code (DaC)

Monitoring as Code (MaC)

Pipeline as Code (PaC)

Documentation as Code (DaC)

Disaster Recovery as Code (DRaC)



그런데 AI로 코드를 만들고 나면?





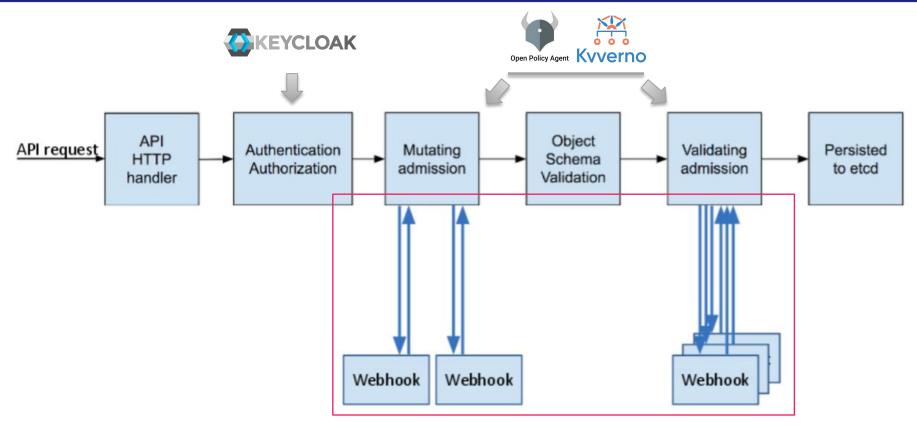


PART I

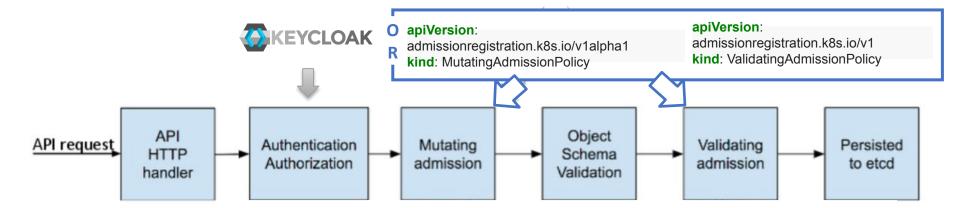
PaC: 과거



과거: Admission-Controllers



바뀜: Admission-Controllers (웹톡이 없어도 동작



언어는 CEL(Common Expression Language)

apiVersion:

admissionregistration.k8s.io/v1alpha1 **kind**: MutatingAdmissionPolicy

apiVersion:

admissionregistration.k8s.io/v1 kind: ValidatingAdmissionPolicy



CEL이 쿠버네티스에 적용되기 까지 과정



Cel-spec (Public







cel-go



Announcement v1.24 Announcement CHANGELOG v1.25 Announcement CHANGELOG v1.26 (ValidatingAdmissionPolicy, Alpha) Announcement CHANGELOG Other (Cleanup or Flake) Announcement CHANGELOG v1.28 (ValidatingAdmissionPolicy, Beta) Announcement CHANGELOG v1.29 Announcement CHANGELOG v1.30 (ValidatingAdmissionPolicy, GA / Muta... Announcement CHANGELOG Announcement CHANGELOG Announcement

CHANGELOG

v1.30 (ValidatingAdmissionPolicy, GA / MutatingAdmissionPolicy, Alpha)

Announcement

Graduations, deprecations and removals for Kubernetes v1.30

- · CEL for Admission Control
 - Kubernetes Enhancement Proposal:

https://github.com/kubernetes/enhancements/tree/master/keps/sig-api-machinery/3488-cel-adm

- Discussion Link: https://groups.google.com/g/kubernetes-sig-api-machinery/c/WBVf_oWm4kU
- Primary contact (assignee): cici37
- = Responsible SIGs: sig-apimachinery
- = Enhancement target (which target equals to which milestone):
 - Alpha release target (x,v): 1.26
 - Beta release target (x.v): 1.28 Stable release target (x,v): 1.30
- · CEL-based admission webhook match conditions
 - = Kubernetes Enhancement Proposal:
 - https://github.com/kubernetes/enhancements/tree/master/keps/sig-api-machinery/3718-admiss on-webhook-match-conditions
 - Discussion Link: https://docs.google.com/document/d/1x9RNaaysyO0gXHIr1y50QFbiL1x8OWnk2v3XnrdkT5Y/e
 - dit#bookmark=id.55kd8uoz25p5
 - = Primary contact (assignee): @tallclair
 - Responsible SIGs: api-machinery
 - = Enhancement target (which target equals to which milestone):
 - Alpha release target (x.y): 1.27
 - Beta release target (x.y):
 - Stable release target (x.y)

https://kubernetes.io/blog/2024/04/17/kubernetes-v1-30-release/

CHANGELOG

API Change

- . Fixed a bug in the API server where empty collections of ValidatingAdmissionPolicies did not have an items field. (#126146, @xyz-li) [SIG API Machinery]
- ValidatingAdmissionPolicy was promoted to GA and will be enabled by default. (#123405. @cici37)
- Added the feature gates StrictCostEnforcementForVAP and StrictCostEnforcementForWebhooks to enforce the strct cost calculation for CEL extended libraries. It is strongly recommended to turn on the feature gates as early as possible (#124676, @cici37) [SIG API Machinery, Auth, Node and Testing]
- . OIDC authentication will now fail if the username asserted based on a CEL expression config is the empty string. Previously the request would be authenticated with the username set to the empty string. (#123568, @eni)
- · Promoted AdmissionWebhookMatchConditions to GA. The feature is now stable, and the feature gate is now locked to default. (#123560, @ivelichkovich)







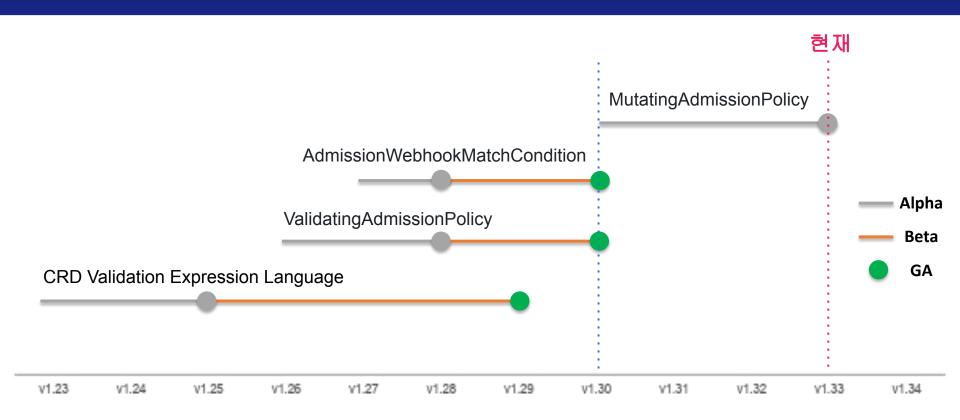


PART II

PaC: 현재



성숙도: CEL & Admission

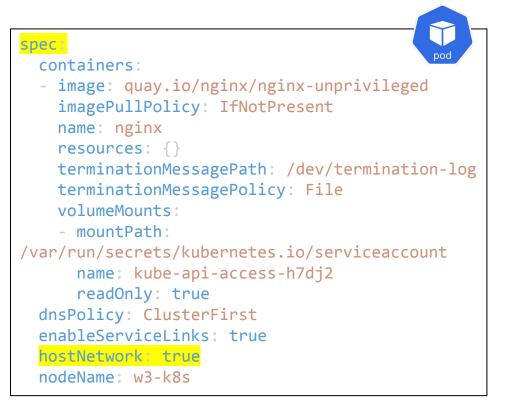


Policy as Code (PaC) ← 쿠버네티스의 CEL



예제: ValidatingAdmissionPolicy

```
apiVersion: admissionregistration.k8s.io/v1
kind: ValidatingAdmissionPolicy
metadata:
  name: celvalidatingadmissionpolicynohostnetwork
spec:
  matchConstraints:
    resourceRules:
    - apiGroups: [""]
      apiVersions: ["v1"]
      operations: ["CREATE", "UPDATE"]
      resources: ["pods"]
  validations:
    - expression: "!has(object.spec.hostNetwork) ||
                  object.spec.hostNetwork != true"
      message: "HostNetwork is not allowed for the Pod"
```



다른 예제: Policy as Code

Authentication



```
valid_token {
  tokens := split(input.headers["Authorization"][0], " ")
  ...
  io.jwt.verify_hs256(token, "secret")
```

Authorization



```
...
rules:
- apiGroups: [""]
resources: ["pods"]
verbs: ["create", "get", "list"]
```

Mutation



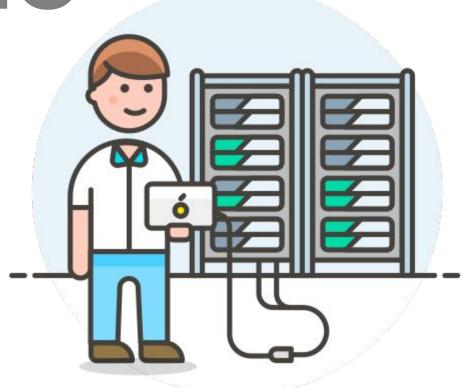
```
matchConditions:
- name: does-not-already-have-sidecar
expression: "!object.spec.initContainers.exists(ic,
ic.name == \"mesh-proxy\")"
```

Validation



validations:
- expression: "!has(object.spec.hostNetwork) ||
object.spec.hostNetwork != true"
message: "HostNetwork is not allowed for the Pod"

DEMO





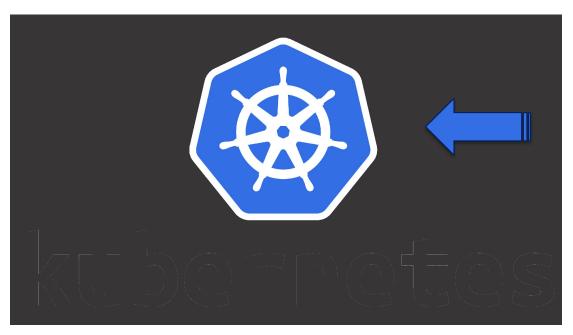


PaC: 미래



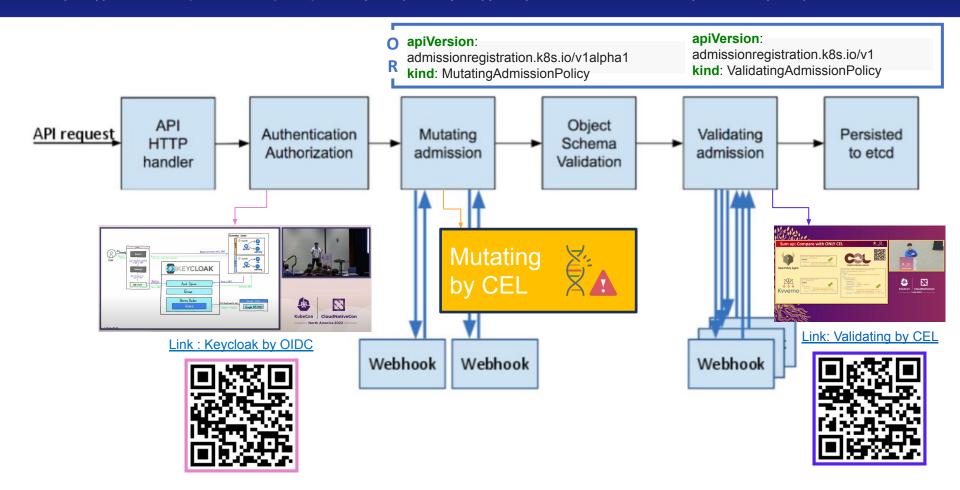


CEL은 이미 쿠버네티스에 적용됨





이제 곧 무언가가 더 쿠버네티스로 들어옵니다!



질문을 원합니다! Plz

OpenInfra Days 2025's docs

#1 History of CEL into the Kubernetes

- ShortURL: https://m.site.naver.com/1HYI



#2 Validating admission by CEL

- ShortURL: https://m.site.naver.com/1HY



